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Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

Washington, DC 103

FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, <u>Stephe</u>	en Tenison , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
	edge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	nancial Services, L.L.C. , as of
	2007, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor r, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as a stomer, except as follows:
	ERICA Y. ABARCA Motary Publis, State of Roses My Commission Expires 08-08-09
<u> </u>	Title Notery Public CFO/FINOP Title
	is report** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
XIXIXIXIXIXIX	 (d) Statement of Cash Flows (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital. (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
	 (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
	 (I) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
\boxtimes	(o) Independent auditor's report on internal control

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

GLOBAL FINANCIAL SERVICES, L.L.C.
REPORT PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Global Financial Services, L.L.C.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Global Financial Services, L.L.C. as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of income, changes in members' equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to the claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Global Financial Services, L.L.C., as of December 31, 2007 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

CF & Co., L.L.P. () L.P.

Dallas, Texas February 25, 2008

Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2007

<u>ASSETS</u>

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	33,184
Deposit with clearing organization		1,000,000
Receivable from clearing organization		1,588,887
Other receivables		10,602
Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements, net		737,178
Other assets		6,056
	\$	3,375,907
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Commissions payable	\$	1,176,032
Due to other broker/dealers		9,045
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		31,329
State income taxes payable		46,000
Deferred rent		198,310
Total liabilities		1,460,716
Members' equity		1,915,191
	\$_	3,375,907

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Income

For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Revenues:	
Commissions	\$ 7,092,090
Firm trading profit	12,886,527
Interest and other	3,620,592
	23,599,209
Expenses:	
Guaranteed payments to members	5,405,026
Employee compensation and benefits	6,083,746
Floor brokerage and clearance	1,275,653
Consulting	1,894,001
Communications	432,029
Occupancy and equipment costs	497,561
Promotional costs	116,321
Interest expense	107,689
Regulatory fees and expenses	46,615
Other	529,506
	16,388,147
Net income before income taxes	7,211,062
Provision for state income taxes	46,000
Net income	\$ 7,165,062

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Members' Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Balance, December 31, 2006	\$ 1,889,313
Net income	7,165,062
Distributions to members	(7,139,184)
Balance, December 31, 2007	\$ 1,915,191

Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to the Claims of General Creditors For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Balance, December 31, 2006	\$
Additions	
Retirements	
Balance, December 31, 2007	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities	
Net income	\$ 7,165,062
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net	
cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	146,119
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in receivable from clearing organization	79,158
Increase in other receivables	(10,602)
Decrease in commissions payable	(312,374)
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(53,821)
Increase in state income taxes payable	46,000
Increase in deferred rent	 10,550
Net cash provided by operating activities	 7,070,092
Cash flows from investing activities	
Purchase of furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements	(35,173)
Redemption of restricted certificate of deposit	 16,000
Net cash used by investing activities	 (19,173)
Cash flows from financing activities	
Distributions to members	 (7,139,184)
Net cash used by financing activities	 (7,139,184)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(88,265)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	 121,449
Ending cash and cash equivalents	 33,184
Supplemental Disclosures	
Cash paid for:	
Interest	\$ 107,689
Income taxes	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Global Financial Services, L.L.C. (the "Company") is organized as a limited liability company. The duration of the Company is through 2093, unless terminated earlier. Each member's liability is limited to his capital account balance. The Company is a broker-dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under (SEC) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) which provides that all the funds and securities belonging to the Company's customers would be handled by a clearing broker-dealer. The Company is also registered with the National Futures Association.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all liquid financial instruments with original maturities of ninety days or less and not pledged or otherwise restricted as cash equivalents.

Securities Owned and Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased are carried at fair value as determined by market quotations. There were no securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased at December 31, 2007.

Office Equipment

Office equipment is stated at cost and includes furniture and fixtures, computer and office equipment and leasehold improvements, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation of office equipment is provided using the straight-line method based on estimated useful lives. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Revenue Recognition

Securities transactions and all related revenue and expense are recorded on a trade date basis.

Income Taxes

The Company is treated and taxed as a partnership for federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, any federal tax liability is the responsibility of the individual members. The financial statements reflect a liability and provision for state income taxes for the Texas margin tax which is an obligation of the Company.

Note 2 - Deposit With and Receivable From Clearing Organization

The deposit with clearing organization consists of cash required to be maintained at the clearing organization. Receivable from clearing organization is comprised of commissions of \$463,434, other clearing receivables of \$133,754 and demand balances in various accounts aggregating \$991,699. Commissions receivable and other clearing receivables represent settlements from the month of December 2007. Such amounts are normally collected within ten days after month end.

Note 3 - Furniture, Equipment, and Leasehold Improvements

Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements at December 31, 2007 consist of the following:

		Depreciable
	Cost	<u>Life</u>
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 290,869	5 years
Computer equipment	350,457	3-5 years
Leasehold improvements	736,091	7 years
Office equipment	43,839	5 years
	1,421,256	
Less accumulated depreciation		
and amortization	<u>(684,078</u>)	
	<u>\$ 737,178</u>	

Depreciation and amortization expense aggregated \$146,119 in 2007.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

Note 4 - Net Capital Requirements

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis.

At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of approximately \$1,027,426 and net capital requirements of \$100,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 1.42 to 1. The Securities and Exchange Commission permits a ratio of no greater than 15 to 1.

The Company periodically makes distributions of capital to its members at amounts that are determined not to have a detrimental effect on the net capital position at the time of withdrawal.

Note 5 - <u>Possession or Control Requirements</u>

The Company does not have any possession or control of customer funds or securities. There were no material inadequacies in the procedures followed in adhering to the exemptive provisions of (SEC) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) by promptly transmitting all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker who carries the customer accounts.

Note 6 - Lease and Contractual Obligations

The Company leases office facilities under a noncancelable operating lease expiring July 2013. The office facilities agreement requires the Company to pay its pro rata share of certain operating expenses in excess of a specified amount. Additionally, the Company has a commitment for communications services. Future minimum commitments are as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31,	
2008	\$ 216,521
2009	225,253
2010	237,477
2011	241,575
2012	247,313
Thereafter	144,266

\$1,312,405

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

Note 6 - Lease and Contractual Obligations, continued

Rent expense relating to office facilities was approximately \$232,609 for the year ended December 31, 2007

The Company is required to indemnify its clearing broker/dealer if a customer fails to settle a securities transaction, according to its clearing agreement. Management was neither aware, nor had it been notified, of any potentially material indemnification loss at December 31, 2007.

Note 7 - <u>Employee Benefits</u>

The Company has a 401(k) retirement plan covering all employees. The plan allows employee contributions of zero up to the maximum allowed by law which was generally \$15,500 for 2007. The Company makes discretionary contributions to the Plan which vest immediately. The Company's contributions to the Plan for the year ended December 31, 2007 were \$35,431.

Note 8 - Concentrations and Financial Instruments with Off Balance Sheet Risk

The Company's customer base consists of individuals and entities located outside of the United States. Deposits with and receivables from clearing organization are with the Company's clearing broker-dealer which is located in New York, New York.

Cash at one bank exceeded federally insured limits at various times throughout the year ended December 31, 2007.

Note 9 - Membership Interests

The Company has 2,000 membership interests authorized, issued and outstanding.

Note 10 - <u>Contingencies</u>

The Company and its Managing Directors ("Global Defendants") have been sued along with other defendants by an estate and an intervenor seeking damages for alleged wrongdoing against such estate. An appeals court has ordered arbitration of both the estate's and intervenor's claims. It is anticipated that the trial court will sign orders abating the lawsuit against the Company within the next 45-60 days. At that point, the estate and intervenor may proceed to pursue its claims in arbitration. Because it is unknown whether the estate and intervenor will pursue

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

Note 10 - Contingencies, continued

arbitration or abandon their claims against the Company, it is impossible at this time to assess the Company's exposure, if any, on the claims asserted.

The Company has been sued by a former employee who claims entitlement to payment of overtime for hours worked over 40 hours per week. The complaint stated no specific amounts, however, the plaintiff's last demand was for approximately \$152,500. The parties are currently scheduled to mediate the matter during the latter part of February 2008. The Company is vigorously defending the case. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, is unable to estimate the amount or range of potential loss that could result if the outcome were unfavorable.

Note 11 - Related Party Transactions

During 2007, the Company's members formed an affiliated entity registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 to conduct investment advisory services. The affiliate bears its direct costs, however, none of the Company's overhead expenses are charged to the affiliate. Amounts due from such affiliate are shown as other receivables in the accompanying statement of financial condition. Such amounts are non-interest bearing and are due on demand,

Supplemental Information

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Year Ended

December 31, 2007

Schedule I

GLOBAL FINANCIAL SERVICES, L.L.C.

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2007

Computation of Net Capital

Total ownership equity qualified for net capital		\$ 1,915,191
Deductions and/or charges Non-allowable assets: Receivable from clearing organization Other receivables	\$ 133,754 10,602	
Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements, net Other assets	737,178 6,056	(887,590)
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		1,027,601
Other deductions: Unsecured debits in customer accounts	175	 (175)
Net capital		\$ 1,027,426
Aggregate Indebtedness		
Items included in statement of financial condition		
Commissions payable		\$ 1,176,032
Due to clearing organization		9,045
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		31,329
State income taxes payable		46,000
Deferred income		 198,310
Total aggregate indebtedness		\$ 1,460,716

Schedule I (continued)

GLOBAL FINANCIAL SERVICES, L.L.C.

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2007

Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement

Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness)	\$	97,386
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	\$	100,000
Minimum net capital requirement (greater of two minimum requirement amounts)	\$	100,000
Net capital in excess of minimum required	\$	927,426
Excess net capital at 1000%	\$	881,354
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	1.4	42 to 1

Reconciliation with Company's Computation

There were no material differences in the computation of net capital under rule 15c3-1 from the Company's computation.

Schedule II

GLOBAL FINANCIAL SERVICES, L.L.C.

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under
Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
As of December 31, 2007

Exemptive Provisions

The Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c-3-3 under section (k)(2)(ii), in which all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Company's clearing firm: Bear Stearns Securities Corp.

Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control

Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

For the Year Ended

December 31, 2007



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Members of Global Financial Services, L.L.C.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental information of Global Financial Services, L.L.C. (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with

management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. CF & Co., L.L.P. L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas February 25, 2008

